# 2020 IRS FORM W-4

Understanding the Implications of New Regulations Imposed by the Internal Revenue Service effective January 1, 2020

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# Introduction to the Change in the IRS Form W-4

IRS Form W-4 is a tool issued by the Internal Revenue Service in which employees communicate to their employer the amount they wish to withhold from their paycheck throughout the year related to federal income tax.

Effective January 1, 2020, the IRS is requiring the use of the revised Form W-4 with the intention of putting more money into the taxpayer's pocket during the year by allowing the taxpayer to more accurately estimate their tax liability based on individualized financial circumstances. Additionally, the new form gives taxpayers the power to determine the amount they wish to have withheld considering other income streams, wealth management strategies, and major life events such as additional dependents, marriage, or divorce. This revised Form is a result of the Tax Cuts and Jobs Act (TCJA).

# Who Needs to Complete the Revised Form W-4?

Employees who began working with your organization prior to January 1, 2020, are not required to complete the revised W-4 form. However, if they desire to change their withholdings, the new form must be used. There is no option to use the previous version of Form W-4 going forward.

Any employee with a hire date after January 1, 2020, must use the new W-4 form to communicate their federal withholding.

If an employee does not submit a W-4 prior to their first pay period, the payroll must be processed assuming they are single with no deductions, therefore causing federal income tax to be withheld at the highest rate.

# Major Changes on the 2020 Form

#### The Name

W-4 is presented as the form number on the face of the new form. The IRS is making a shift, however, to refer to the form as the Employee's Withholding Certificate. Employees should be aware that they may see either name used in publications by the IRS.

# Withholding

The change causing the most discussion relates to the fact that there are no longer withholding allowances. On the previous Form W-4, employees claimed a specific number of allowances to reduce the tax withheld from their wages. For each additional withholding allowance that was claimed, the employer withheld less of the employee's earnings from their paycheck for federal income taxes. Now, the employees only claim their dependents to reduce the amount of taxes withheld.

#### Tax Tables

One of the items that makes the new form difficult to navigate is the inclusion of tax tables on Page 4 (shown here).

The purpose of the tax tables is to help the taxpayer more accurately estimate their tax liability so the IRS receives the tax throughout the year which will result in no additional taxes being owed when the individual tax return is filed.

#### **Calculations**

Employee salary is not the sole factor to consider when evaluating a taxpayer's tax liability when using the tax tables. Multiple factors can impact the use of the tables.

Below, we discuss three methods that can be used to complete the Form W-4 to ensure proper use of the information provided.

Form W-4 (2020)					1 - 1 - 12							Pag
Married Filing Jointly or Qualifying Widow(er)  Lower Paying Job Annual Taxable Wage & Salary												
Higher Paying Job Annual Taxable	\$0 -	\$10.000 -	\$20.000 -	\$30.000 -	\$40 000 -	\$50.000 -	\$60.000 -	\$70.000 -	\$80.000 -	\$90.000 -	\$100,000 -	\$110,00
Wage & Salary	9,999	19,999	29,999	39,999	49,999	59,999	69,999	79,999	89,999	99,999	109,999	120,00
\$0 - 9,999	\$0	\$220	\$850	\$900	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,210	\$1,870	\$1,87
\$10,000 - 19,999	220	1,220	1,900	2,100	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,410	3,410	4,070	4,07
\$20,000 - 29,999	850	1,900	2,730	2,930	3,050	3,050	3,050	3,240	4,240	5,240	5,900	5,90
\$30,000 - 39,999	900	2,100	2,930	3,130	3,250	3,250	3,440	4,440	5,440	6,440	7,100	7,10
\$40,000 - 49,999	1,020	2,220	3,050	3,250	3,370	3,570	4,570	5,570	6,570	7,570	8,220	8,22
\$50,000 - 59,999	1,020	2,220	3,050	3,250	3,570	4,570	5,570	6,570	7,570	8,570	9,220	9,22
\$60,000 - 69,999	1,020	2,220	3,050	3,440	4,570	5,570	6,570	7,570	8,570	9,570	10,220	10,22
\$70,000 - 79,999	1,020	2,220	3,240	4,440	5,570	6,570	7,570	8,570	9,570	10,570	11,220	11,24
\$80,000 - 99,999	1,060	3,260	5,090	6,290	7,420	8,420	9,420	10,420	11,420	12,420	13,260	13,46
\$100,000 - 149,999	1,870	4,070	5,900	7,100	8,220	9,320	10,520	11,720	12,920	14,120	14,980	15,18
\$150,000 - 239,999	2,040	4,440	6,470	7,870	9,190	10,390	11,590	12,790	13,990	15,190	16,050	16,25
\$240,000 - 259,999	2,040	4,440	6,470	7,870	9,190	10,390	11,590	12,790	13,990	15,520	17,170	18,17
\$260,000 - 279,999 \$280,000 - 299,999	2,040	4,440 4,440	6,470 6,470	7,870 7,870	9,190	10,390	11,590 12,720	13,120 14,720	15,120 16,720	17,120 18,720	18,770 20,370	19,77
		2000	and the same				A			and the same		
\$300,000 - 319,999 \$320.000 - 364,999	2,040	4,440 5.920	6,470 8,750	8,200 10,950	10,320	12,320	14,320	16,320 19.070	18,320 21,290	20,320	21,970 25,540	22,97
\$365,000 - 524,999	2,720	6,470	9,600	12,100	14,530	16,830	19,130	21,430	23,730	26,030	27,980	29,28
\$525,000 and over	3,140	6,840	10,170	12,100	15,500	18,000	20,500	23,000	25,730	28,000	30,150	31,65
\$525,000 and over	3,140	0,040	10,170						25,500	20,000	30,130	31,00
Higher Paying Job	Single or Married Filing Separately  Lower Paying Job Annual Taxable Wage & Salary											
Annual Taxable	\$0 -	\$10,000 -	\$20,000 -	\$30,000 -	\$40,000 -	\$50,000 -	\$60,000 -	\$70,000 -	\$80,000 -	\$90,000 -	\$100,000 -	\$110,000
Wage & Salary	9,999	19,999	29,999	39,999	49,999	59,999	69,999	79,999	89,999	99,999	109,999	120,00
\$0 - 9,999	\$460	\$940	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,470	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$2,040	\$2,040	\$2.04
\$10,000 - 19,999	940	1,530	1,610	2,060	3,060	3,460	3,460	3,460	3,640	3,830	3,830	3,83
\$20,000 - 29,999	1,020	1,610	2,130	3,130	4,130	4,540	4,540	4,720	4,920	5,110	5,110	5,11
\$30,000 - 39,999	1,020	2,060	3,130	4,130	5,130	5,540	5,720	5,920	6,120	6,310	6,310	6,31
\$40,000 - 59,999	1,870	3,460	4,540	5,540	6,690	7,290	7,490	7,690	7,890	8,080	8,080	8,08
\$60,000 - 79,999	1,870	3,460	4,690	5,890	7,090	7,690	7,890	8,090	8,290	8,480	9,260	10,06
\$80,000 - 99,999	2,020	3,810	5,090	6,290	7,490	8,090	8,290	8,490	9,470	10,460	11,260	12,06
\$100,000 - 124,999	2,040	3,830	5,110	6,310	7,510	8,430	9,430	10,430	11,430	12,420	13,520	14,62
\$125,000 - 149,999	2,040	3,830	5,110	7,030	9,030	10,430	11,430	12,580	13,880	15,170	16,270	17,37
\$150,000 - 174,999	2,360	4,950	7,030	9,030	11,030	12,730	14,030	15,330	16,630	17,920	19,020	20,12
\$175,000 - 199,999	2,720	5,310	7,540	9,840	12,140	13,840	15,140	16,440	17,740	19,030	20,130	21,23
\$200,000 - 249,999	2,970	5,860	8,240	10,540	12,840	14,540	15,840	17,140	18,440	19,730	20,830	21,93
\$250,000 - 399,999	2,970	5,860	8,240	10,540	12,840	14,540	15,840	17,140	18,440	19,730	20,830	21,93
\$400,000 - 449,999	2,970	5,860	8,240	10,540	12,840	14,540	15,840	17,140	18,450	19,940	21,240	22,54
\$450,000 and over	3,140	6,230	8,810	11,310	13,810	15,710	17,210	18,710	20,210	21,700	23,000	24,30
					Head of							
Higher Paying Job				_	er Paying							1
Annual Taxable Wage & Salary	\$0 - 9,999	\$10,000 -	\$20,000 -	\$30,000 - 39,999	\$40,000 - 49,999	\$50,000 - 59,999	\$60,000 - 69,999	\$70,000 - 79,999	\$80,000 - 89,999	\$90,000 - 99,999	\$100,000 -	\$110,000
\$0 - 9,999	\$0	\$830	\$930	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,480	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$1,930	\$2,040	\$2,04
\$10,000 - 19,999	830	1.920	2 130	2.220	2.220	2.680	3 680	4.070	4.130	4.330	4.440	4,44
\$20,000 - 29,999	930	2.130	2,150	2,430	2,900	3,900	4.900	5.340	5.540	5.740	5.850	5.85
\$30,000 - 39,999	1,020	2,220	2,430	2,980	3,980	4,980	6,040	6.630	6,830	7.030	7,140	7,14
\$40,000 - 59,999	1,020	2,530	3,750	4,830	5,860	7,060	8,260	8,850	9,050	9,250	9,360	9,36
\$60,000 - 79,999	1,870	4.070	5,310	6,600	7,800	9,000	10,200	10,780	10,980	11,180	11,580	12,38
\$80,000 - 99,999	1,900	4,300	5,710	7,000	8,200	9,400	10,600	11,180	11,670	12,670	13,580	14,38
\$100,000 - 124,999	2,040	4,440	5,850	7,140	8,340	9,540	11,360	12,750	13,750	14,750	15,770	16,87
\$125,000 - 149,999	2,040	4,440	5,850	7,360	9,360	11,360	13,360	14,750	16,010	17,310	18,520	19,62
\$150,000 - 174,999	2,040	5,060	7,280	9,360	11,360	13,480	15,780	17,460	18,760	20,060	21,270	22,37
\$175,000 - 199,999	2,720	5,920	8,130	10,480	12,780	15,080	17,380	19,070	20,370	21,670	22,880	23,98
\$200,000 - 249,999	2,970	6,470	8,990	11,370	13,670	15,970	18,270	19,960	21,260	22,560	23,770	24,87
\$250,000 - 349,999	2,970	6,470	8,990	11,370	13,670	15,970	18,270	19,960	21,260	22,560	23,770	24,87
\$350,000 - 449,999	2,970	6,470	8,990	11,370	13,670	15,970	18,270	19,960	21,260	22,560	23,900	25,20
\$450,000 and over	3,140	6,840	9,560	12,140	14,640	17,140	19,640	21,530	23,030	24,530	25,940	27,24

# 3 Options to Complete the Form

When completing the new Form W-4, employees will notice that page 2 of the form includes instructions and page 4 of the form includes the tax tables. An employee can choose one of three methods to complete pages 1 and 3. We are referring to these methods as The Simple Method, The Calculator Method, and the Paper Method.

# The Simple Method

In the Simple Method, an employee will only fill out Step 1 on the W-4 form (shown below), which includes only personal information and filing status. This method is the least likely to be accurate and the employee will simply have their federal withholding calculated based on whether they file Single, Married filing Separately, Married filing Jointly, or Head of Household. This method will not consider dependents or additional revenue streams that may be present as part of total taxable income.



#### The Calculator Method

The Calculator Method uses an online Withholding Calculator provided by the IRS. The link to the calculator can be found at <a href="https://www.irs.gov//w4app">www.irs.gov//w4app</a> (this address can also be found on page 2 of the W-4 form).

The online calculator takes a step-by-step approach to assist an employee through the withholding guidelines considering their unique set of facts. It is tailored to their specific tax return to achieve the best estimate of the total federal tax liability.

The employee will need to know an estimate of their yearly income, pay frequency, and expected amounts paid into any tax deductible or pre-tax savings plans.



Once the information is entered, an amount is calculated which represents the employee's estimated under or overpayment of federal income tax at the end of the tax year. The employee will then be able to adjust on a sliding scale the amount of refund they prefer to receive when their tax return is filed. Upon completion of the calculation, the employee can download the form, print it, fill in the top portion with their personal information, and sign it.

Avizo Recommendation: Use the Calculator Method for an employee who is not a new hire and wishes to complete a new Form W-4 to revise federal withholding.

# The Paper Method

This is the more complex and tedious of the three options for completing Form W-4. Using the Paper Method requires an employee to manually fill in each section on the form.

- Step 1 The employee will enter their personal information and filing status.
- Step 2 Employees who are single with only one job may skip Step 2. Employees who have more than one job and/or those who have a spouse who is employed will need to refer to the Tax Tables and the online IRS withholding calculator to complete step 2.
  - 1. Page 3 of the form will help you determine whether you need to calculate your household withholding based on two or more jobs or income streams.
  - 2. Using the withholding tax table on page 4, the employee will determine the average withholding requirement by first finding the section that corresponds to their filing status. Next the taxpayer will determine the proper amount of withholding by finding the amount that intersects with the higher paying job amount along the rows and the lower paying salary along the columns. This amount will be

- entered on Line 1 or 2a of Step 2(b) depending on the number of revenue streams in their household.
- 3. If the employee's household has more than two income streams, they will follow the instructions given on lines 2a through 2c to determine the amounts to enter on each corresponding line.

Step 3 – Employees will complete the dependents calculation. If the employee's income is less than \$200,000 (single or married filing separately) or less than \$400,000 (married filing joint), they will multiply the number of children under the age of 17 by \$2,000 and enter that amount into the first box in Step 3.

If they have other dependents they can claim (such as an elderly parent), they will multiply that number by \$500 and enter it into the second box. Add the amounts to get the total to input into box 3.

Step 4 – This section is optional. It is for other adjustments, such as additional income or deductions in excess of the amount of the standard deduction, that the taxpayer may want to include in their calculation. It should be skipped if the employee does not want to factor this into their withholding calculation.

Form W-4 and the included tax tables automatically consider the amount of the standard deduction based on the employee's filing status. Other adjustments that should be included are:

- Dividends or retirement income.
- Deductions that exceed the standard deduction (most people do not itemize since the TCJA increased the threshold). Examples include mortgage interest and charitable contributions.
- Any extra withholding the employee may choose to withhold each pay period. They may wish to do this if they are expecting a large taxable settlement during the year, for example, or if they would like to receive a refund at year end.

Step 5 - Sign the form.





# Form **W-4**

**Employee's Withholding Certificate** 

► Complete Form W-4 so that your employer can withhold the correct federal income tax from your pay.

2020

OMB No. 1545-0074

► Give Form W-4 to your employer. Department of the Treasury ► Your withholding is subject to review by the IRS. Internal Revenue Service (a) First name and middle initial Last name (b) Social security number Step 1: **Enter** Address ▶ Does your name match the Personal name on your social security card? If not, to ensure you get Information City or town, state, and ZIP code credit for your earnings, contact SSA at 800-772-1213 or go to www.ssa.gov. Single or Married filing separately Married filing jointly (or Qualifying widow(er)) Head of household (Check only if you're unmarried and pay more than half the costs of keeping up a home for yourself and a qualifying individual.) Complete Steps 2-4 ONLY if they apply to you; otherwise, skip to Step 5. See page 2 for more information on each step, who can claim exemption from withholding, when to use the online estimator, and privacy. Complete this step if you (1) hold more than one job at a time, or (2) are married filing jointly and your spouse Step 2: also works. The correct amount of withholding depends on income earned from all of these jobs. **Multiple Jobs** or Spouse Do only one of the following. Works (a) Use the estimator at www.irs.gov/W4App for most accurate withholding for this step (and Steps 3-4); or (b) Use the Multiple Jobs Worksheet on page 3 and enter the result in Step 4(c) below for roughly accurate withholding; or (c) If there are only two jobs total, you may check this box. Do the same on Form W-4 for the other job. This option is accurate for jobs with similar pay; otherwise, more tax than necessary may be withheld . . . . . . . . . . . TIP: To be accurate, submit a 2020 Form W-4 for all other jobs. If you (or your spouse) have self-employment income, including as an independent contractor, use the estimator. Complete Steps 3-4(b) on Form W-4 for only ONE of these jobs. Leave those steps blank for the other jobs. (Your withholding will be most accurate if you complete Steps 3-4(b) on the Form W-4 for the highest paying job.) Step 3: If your income will be \$200,000 or less (\$400,000 or less if married filing jointly): Claim Multiply the number of qualifying children under age 17 by \$2,000 ▶ \$ **Dependents** Multiply the number of other dependents by \$500 Add the amounts above and enter the total here . . . \$ 3 Step 4 (a) Other income (not from jobs). If you want tax withheld for other income you expect this year that won't have withholding, enter the amount of other income here. This may (optional): include interest, dividends, and retirement income . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 4(a) \$ Other **Adjustments** (b) Deductions. If you expect to claim deductions other than the standard deduction and want to reduce your withholding, use the Deductions Worksheet on page 3 and enter the result here . . . . . 4(b) |\$ (c) Extra withholding. Enter any additional tax you want withheld each pay period 4(c) |\$ Step 5: Under penalties of perjury, I declare that this certificate, to the best of my knowledge and belief, is true, correct, and complete. Sign Here Employee's signature (This form is not valid unless you sign it.) Date

Employer's name and address

**Employers** 

Only

First date of

employment

Employer identification

number (EIN)

Form W-4 (2020) Page **2** 

#### **General Instructions**

#### **Future Developments**

For the latest information about developments related to Form W-4, such as legislation enacted after it was published, go to www.irs.gov/FormW4.

#### **Purpose of Form**

Complete Form W-4 so that your employer can withhold the correct federal income tax from your pay. If too little is withheld, you will generally owe tax when you file your tax return and may owe a penalty. If too much is withheld, you will generally be due a refund. Complete a new Form W-4 when changes to your personal or financial situation would change the entries on the form. For more information on withholding and when you must furnish a new Form W-4, see Pub. 505.

Exemption from withholding. You may claim exemption from withholding for 2020 if you meet both of the following conditions: you had no federal income tax liability in 2019 and you expect to have no federal income tax liability in 2020. You had no federal income tax liability in 2019 if (1) your total tax on line 16 on your 2019 Form 1040 or 1040-SR is zero (or less than the sum of lines 18a, 18b, and 18c), or (2) you were not required to file a return because your income was below the filing threshold for your correct filing status. If you claim exemption, you will have no income tax withheld from your paycheck and may owe taxes and penalties when you file your 2020 tax return. To claim exemption from withholding, certify that you meet both of the conditions above by writing "Exempt" on Form W-4 in the space below Step 4(c). Then, complete Steps 1(a), 1(b), and 5. Do not complete any other steps. You will need to submit a new Form W-4 by February 16, 2021.

**Your privacy.** If you prefer to limit information provided in Steps 2 through 4, use the online estimator, which will also increase accuracy.

As an alternative to the estimator: if you have concerns with Step 2(c), you may choose Step 2(b); if you have concerns with Step 4(a), you may enter an additional amount you want withheld per pay period in Step 4(c). If this is the only job in your household, you may instead check the box in Step 2(c), which will increase your withholding and significantly reduce your paycheck (often by thousands of dollars over the year).

**When to use the estimator.** Consider using the estimator at *www.irs.gov/W4App* if you:

- 1. Expect to work only part of the year;
- 2. Have dividend or capital gain income, or are subject to additional taxes, such as the additional Medicare tax;
- 3. Have self-employment income (see below); or
- Prefer the most accurate withholding for multiple job situations.

**Self-employment.** Generally, you will owe both income and self-employment taxes on any self-employment income you receive separate from the wages you receive as an employee. If you want to pay these taxes through withholding from your wages, use the estimator at www.irs.gov/W4App to figure the amount to have withheld.

**Nonresident alien.** If you're a nonresident alien, see Notice 1392, Supplemental Form W-4 Instructions for Nonresident Aliens, before completing this form.

### **Specific Instructions**

**Step 1(c).** Check your anticipated filing status. This will determine the standard deduction and tax rates used to compute your withholding.

**Step 2.** Use this step if you (1) have more than one job at the same time, or (2) are married filing jointly and you and your spouse both work.

Option (a) most accurately calculates the additional tax you need to have withheld, while option (b) does so with a little less accuracy.

If you (and your spouse) have a total of only two jobs, you may instead check the box in option (c). The box must also be checked on the Form W-4 for the other job. If the box is checked, the standard deduction and tax brackets will be cut in half for each job to calculate withholding. This option is roughly accurate for jobs with similar pay; otherwise, more tax than necessary may be withheld, and this extra amount will be larger the greater the difference in pay is between the two jobs.



**Multiple jobs.** Complete Steps 3 through 4(b) on only one Form W-4. Withholding will be most accurate if you do this on the Form W-4 for the highest paying job.

Step 3. Step 3 of Form W-4 provides instructions for determining the amount of the child tax credit and the credit for other dependents that you may be able to claim when you file your tax return. To qualify for the child tax credit, the child must be under age 17 as of December 31, must be your dependent who generally lives with you for more than half the year, and must have the required social security number. You may be able to claim a credit for other dependents for whom a child tax credit can't be claimed, such as an older child or a qualifying relative. For additional eligibility requirements for these credits, see Pub. 972, Child Tax Credit and Credit for Other Dependents. You can also include other tax credits in this step, such as education tax credits and the foreign tax credit. To do so, add an estimate of the amount for the year to your credits for dependents and enter the total amount in Step 3. Including these credits will increase your paycheck and reduce the amount of any refund you may receive when you file your tax return.

#### Step 4 (optional).

Step 4(a). Enter in this step the total of your other estimated income for the year, if any. You shouldn't include income from any jobs or self-employment. If you complete Step 4(a), you likely won't have to make estimated tax payments for that income. If you prefer to pay estimated tax rather than having tax on other income withheld from your paycheck, see Form 1040-ES, Estimated Tax for Individuals.

**Step 4(b).** Enter in this step the amount from the Deductions Worksheet, line 5, if you expect to claim deductions other than the basic standard deduction on your 2020 tax return and want to reduce your withholding to account for these deductions. This includes both itemized deductions and other deductions such as for student loan interest and IRAs.

**Step 4(c).** Enter in this step any additional tax you want withheld from your pay **each pay period**, including any amounts from the Multiple Jobs Worksheet, line 4. Entering an amount here will reduce your paycheck and will either increase your refund or reduce any amount of tax that you owe.

Form W-4 (2020)

#### Step 2(b) – Multiple Jobs Worksheet (Keep for your records.)



If you choose the option in Step 2(b) on Form W-4, complete this worksheet (which calculates the total extra tax for all jobs) on **only ONE** Form W-4. Withholding will be most accurate if you complete the worksheet and enter the result on the Form W-4 for the highest paying job.

**Note:** If more than one job has annual wages of more than \$120,000 or there are more than three jobs, see Pub. 505 for additional tables; or, you can use the online withholding estimator at www.irs.gov/W4App.

1	<b>Two jobs.</b> If you have two jobs or you're married filing jointly and you and your spouse each have one job, find the amount from the appropriate table on page 4. Using the "Higher Paying Job" row and the "Lower Paying Job" column, find the value at the intersection of the two household salaries and enter that value on line 1. Then, <b>skip</b> to line 3	1	\$
2	<b>Three jobs.</b> If you and/or your spouse have three jobs at the same time, complete lines 2a, 2b, and 2c below. Otherwise, skip to line 3.		
	<b>a</b> Find the amount from the appropriate table on page 4 using the annual wages from the highest paying job in the "Higher Paying Job" row and the annual wages for your next highest paying job in the "Lower Paying Job" column. Find the value at the intersection of the two household salaries and enter that value on line 2a	<b>2</b> a	\$
	<b>b</b> Add the annual wages of the two highest paying jobs from line 2a together and use the total as the wages in the "Higher Paying Job" row and use the annual wages for your third job in the "Lower Paying Job" column to find the amount from the appropriate table on page 4 and enter this amount on line 2b	2b	\$
	c Add the amounts from lines 2a and 2b and enter the result on line 2c	2c	<b>\$</b>
	7 And the amounts from lines 24 and 25 and enter the result of line 25	20	Ψ
3	Enter the number of pay periods per year for the highest paying job. For example, if that job pays weekly, enter 52; if it pays every other week, enter 26; if it pays monthly, enter 12, etc	3	
4	<b>Divide</b> the annual amount on line 1 or line 2c by the number of pay periods on line 3. Enter this amount here and in <b>Step 4(c)</b> of Form W-4 for the highest paying job (along with any other additional amount you want withheld)	4	\$
	Step 4(b) – Deductions Worksheet (Keep for your records.)		
1	Enter an estimate of your 2020 itemized deductions (from Schedule A (Form 1040 or 1040-SR)). Such deductions may include qualifying home mortgage interest, charitable contributions, state and local taxes (up to \$10,000), and medical expenses in excess of 7.5% of your income	1	\$
2	Enter:   • \$24,800 if you're married filing jointly or qualifying widow(er) • \$18,650 if you're head of household • \$12,400 if you're single or married filing separately	2	\$
3	If line 1 is greater than line 2, subtract line 2 from line 1. If line 2 is greater than line 1, enter "-0-"	3	\$
4	Enter an estimate of your student loan interest, deductible IRA contributions, and certain other adjustments (from Part II of Schedule 1 (Form 1040 or 1040-SR)). See Pub. 505 for more information	4	\$
5	Add lines 3 and 4. Enter the result here and in Step 4(b) of Form W-4	5	\$

Privacy Act and Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. Internal Revenue Code sections 3402(f)(2) and 6109 and their regulations require you to provide this information; your employer uses it to determine your federal income tax withholding. Failure to provide a properly completed form will result in your being treated as a single person with no other entries on the form; providing fraudulent information may subject you to penalties. Routine uses of this information include giving it to the Department of Justice for civil and criminal litigation; to cities, states, the District of Columbia, and U.S. commonwealths and possessions for use in administering their tax laws; and to the Department of Health and Human Services for use in the National Directory of New Hires. We may also disclose this information to other countries under a tax treaty, to federal and state agencies to enforce federal nontax criminal laws, or to federal law enforcement and intelligence agencies to combat terrorism.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by Code section 6103.

The average time and expenses required to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. For estimated averages, see the instructions for your income tax return.

If you have suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the instructions for your income tax return.

Form W-4 (2020) Page **4** 

FOITI VV-4 (2020)			Morri	od Eiline	Lointly	or Quali	fuina Wia	dow(or)				Page 4
Higher Devices Joh	Married Filing Jointly or Qualifying Widow(er)  Higher Paying Job  Lower Paying Job Annual Taxable Wage & Salary											
Annual Taxable Wage & Salary	\$0 - 9,999	\$10,000 - 19,999	\$20,000 - 29,999	\$30,000 - 39,999	\$40,000 - 49,999		\$60,000 - 69,999	\$70,000 - 79,999	\$80,000 - 89,999	\$90,000 - 99,999	\$100,000 - 109,999	\$110,000 - 120,000
\$0 - 9,999	\$0	\$220	\$850	\$900	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,210	\$1,870	\$1,870
\$10,000 - 19,999	220	1,220	1,900	2,100	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,220	2,410	3,410	4,070	4,070
\$20,000 - 29,999	850	1,900	2,730	2,930	3,050	3,050	3,050	3,240	4,240	5,240	5,900	5,900
\$30,000 - 39,999	900	2,100	2,930	3,130	3,250	3,250	3,440	4,440	5,440	6,440	7,100	7,100
\$40,000 - 49,999	1,020	2,220	3,050	3,250	3,370	3,570	4,570	5,570	6,570	7,570	8,220	8,220
\$50,000 - 59,999	1,020	2,220	3,050	3,250	3,570	4,570	5,570	6,570	7,570	8,570	9,220	9,220
\$60,000 - 69,999	1,020	2,220	3,050	3,440	4,570	5,570	6,570	7,570	8,570	9,570	10,220	10,220
\$70,000 - 79,999	1,020	2,220	3,240	4,440	5,570	6,570	7,570	8,570	9,570	10,570	11,220	11,240
\$80,000 - 99,999	1,060	3,260	5,090	6,290	7,420	8,420	9,420	10,420	11,420	12,420	13,260	13,460
\$100,000 - 149,999	1,870	4,070	5,900	7,100	8,220	9,320	10,520	11,720	12,920	14,120	14,980	15,180
\$150,000 - 239,999	2,040	4,440	6,470	7,870	9,190	10,390	11,590	12,790	13,990	15,190	16,050	16,250
\$240,000 - 259,999	2,040	4,440	6,470	7,870	9,190	10,390	11,590	12,790	13,990	15,520	17,170	18,170
\$260,000 - 279,999	2,040	4,440	6,470	7,870	9,190	10,390	11,590	13,120	15,120	17,120	18,770	19,770
\$280,000 - 299,999	2,040	4,440	6,470	7,870	9,190	10,720	12,720	14,720	16,720	18,720	20,370	21,370
\$300,000 - 319,999 \$320,000 - 364,999	2,040 2,720	4,440 5,920	6,470 8,750	8,200 10,950	10,320 13,070	12,320 15,070	14,320 17,070	16,320	18,320 21,290	20,320	21,970 25,540	22,970 26,840
\$365,000 - 524,999	2,720	6,470	9,600	12,100	14,530	16,830	19,130	19,070 21,430	23,730	26,030	27,980	29,280
\$525,000 and over	3,140	6,840	10,170	12,100	15,500	18,000	20,500	23,000	25,730	28,000	30,150	31,650
φο20,000 απα σνει	0,140	0,040			r Marrie				20,000	20,000	1 00,100	01,000
ligher Paying Job Lower Paying Job Annual Taxable Wage & Salary												
Annual Taxable	\$0 -	\$10,000 -	\$20,000 -	\$30,000 -	\$40,000 -	\$50,000 -	\$60,000 -	\$70,000 -	\$80,000 -	\$90,000 -	\$100,000 -	\$110,000 -
Wage & Salary	9,999	19,999	29,999	39,999	49,999	59,999	69,999	79,999	89,999	99,999	109,999	120,000
\$0 - 9,999	\$460	\$940	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,470	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$2,040	\$2,040	\$2,040
\$10,000 - 19,999	940	1,530	1,610	2,060	3,060	3,460	3,460	3,460	3,640	3,830	3,830	3,830
\$20,000 - 29,999	1,020	1,610	2,130	3,130	4,130	4,540	4,540	4,720	4,920	5,110	5,110	5,110
\$30,000 - 39,999	1,020	2,060	3,130	4,130	5,130	5,540	5,720	5,920	6,120	6,310	6,310	6,310
\$40,000 - 59,999	1,870	3,460	4,540	5,540	6,690	7,290	7,490	7,690	7,890	8,080	8,080	8,080
\$60,000 - 79,999	1,870	3,460	4,690	5,890	7,090	7,690	7,890	8,090	8,290	8,480	9,260	10,060
\$80,000 - 99,999 \$100,000 - 124,999	2,020 2,040	3,810 3,830	5,090 5,110	6,290 6,310	7,490 7,510	8,090 8,430	8,290 9,430	8,490 10,430	9,470 11,430	10,460 12,420	11,260 13,520	12,060 14,620
\$125,000 - 149,999	2,040	3,830	5,110	7,030	9,030	10,430	11,430	12,580	13,880	15,170	16,270	17,370
\$150,000 - 174,999	2,360	4,950	7,030	9,030	11,030	12,730	14,030	15,330	16,630	17,920	19,020	20,120
\$175,000 - 199,999	2,720	5,310	7,540	9,840	12,140	13,840	15,140	16,440	17,740	19,030	20,130	21,230
\$200,000 - 249,999	2,970	5,860	8,240	10,540	12,840	14,540	15,840	17,140	18,440	19,730	20,830	21,930
\$250,000 - 399,999	2,970	5,860	8,240	10,540	12,840	14,540	15,840	17,140	18,440	19,730	20,830	21,930
\$400,000 - 449,999	2,970	5,860	8,240	10,540	12,840	14,540	15,840	17,140	18,450	19,940	21,240	22,540
\$450,000 and over	3,140	6,230	8,810	11,310	13,810	15,710	17,210	18,710	20,210	21,700	23,000	24,300
					Head of							
Higher Paying Job		1						Wage & S		1	1	
Annual Taxable Wage & Salary	\$0 - 9,999	\$10,000 - 19,999	\$20,000 - 29,999	\$30,000 - 39,999	\$40,000 - 49,999	\$50,000 - 59,999	\$60,000 - 69,999	\$70,000 - 79,999	\$80,000 - 89,999	\$90,000 - 99,999	\$100,000 - 109,999	\$110,000 - 120,000
\$0 - 9,999	\$0	\$830	\$930	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,020	\$1,480	\$1,870	\$1,870	\$1,930	\$2,040	\$2,040
\$10,000 - 19,999	830	1,920	2,130	2,220	2,220	2,680	3,680	4,070	4,130	4,330	4,440	4,440
\$20,000 - 29,999	930	2,130	2,350	2,430	2,900	3,900	4,900	5,340	5,540	5,740	5,850	5,850
\$30,000 - 39,999	1,020	2,220	2,430	2,980	3,980	4,980	6,040	6,630	6,830	7,030	7,140	7,140
\$40,000 - 59,999	1,020	2,530	3,750	4,830	5,860	7,060	8,260	8,850	9,050	9,250	9,360	9,360
\$60,000 - 79,999	1,870	4,070	5,310	6,600	7,800	9,000	10,200	10,780	10,980	11,180	11,580	12,380
\$80,000 - 99,999	1,900	4,300	5,710	7,000	8,200	9,400	10,600	11,180	11,670	12,670	13,580	14,380
\$100,000 - 124,999 \$125,000 - 149,999	2,040 2,040	4,440 4,440	5,850 5,850	7,140 7,360	8,340 9,360	9,540	11,360 13,360	12,750	13,750 16,010	14,750 17,310	15,770	16,870
\$125,000 - 149,999 \$150,000 - 174,999	2,040	5,060	7,280	9,360	11,360	13,480	15,780	14,750 17,460	18,760	20,060	18,520 21,270	19,620 22,370
\$175,000 - 174,999 \$175,000 - 199,999	2,720	5,060	8,130	10,480	12,780	15,080	17,380	19,070	20,370	21,670	22,880	23,980
\$200,000 - 249,999	2,720	6,470	8,990	11,370	13,670	15,080	18,270	19,960	21,260	22,560	23,770	23,980
\$250,000 - 349,999	2,970	6,470	8,990	11,370	13,670	15,970	18,270	19,960	21,260	22,560	23,770	24,870
\$350,000 - 449,999	2,970	6,470	8,990	11,370	13,670	15,970	18,270	19,960	21,260	22,560	23,900	25,200
\$450,000 and over	3,140	6,840	9,560	12,140	14,640	17,140	19,640	21,530	23,030	24,530	25,940	27,240